SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Direct-To-Metal Primer, Gray

Other means of identification

CI95500 Product code Recommended use Primer

None known. Recommended restrictions

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

SABSS Company name

1419 Orange Grove St. **Address**

Upland, CA 91786

United States

626-409-0841 Technical Contact, Sales **Telephone**

E-mail sabss@gmx.com

Emergency phone number Chemtrec: 800-424-9300 24 hr.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Carcinogenicity Category 1A Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

long-term hazard

Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Causes

damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to

extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Supplemental information Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

79.72% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 79.72% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
parachlorobenzotriflouride		98-56-6	20 - < 40
Talc		14807-96-6	10 - < 30
Barium Sulfate		7727-43-7	10 - < 20
Acetone		67-64-1	5 - < 10
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	5 - < 10
Titanium Dioxide		13463-67-7	5 - < 10
Aluminum Hydroxide Regulatory		21645-51-2	0< 5
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0< 5
Crystalline Quartz Regulatory		14808-60-7	0< 5
Dibutyltin Dilaurate		77-58-7	0< 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	0 - < 5
Isobutyl Acetate		110-19-0	0< 5
Isobutyl Alcohol		78-83-1	0< 5
Mineral Spirits		8052-41-3	0< 5
N-Butyl Alcohol		71-36-3	0< 5
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory		7664-38-2	0< 5
Silica		7631-86-9	0< 5
Silicon dioxide		112945-52-5	0< 5
Tremolite (Non-asbestiform)		14567-73-8	0< 5
Xylene		1330-20-7	0 - < 5
Other components below reportable levels	5		5 - < 10

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. Inhalation

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical Skin contact

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003. "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Type	Value	
Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)	STEL	1 fibers/cm3	
,	TWA	0.1 fibers/cm3	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)		
Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Barium Sulfate (CAS	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
7727-43-7)			
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Carbon Black (CAS	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
1333-86-4)	DEI	0.4 (0	
Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)	PEL	0.1 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS	PEL	435 mg/m3	
100-41-4)		roo mg/mo	
,		100 ppm	
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS	PEL	700 mg/m3	
110-19-0)			
		150 ppm	
Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS	PEL	300 mg/m3	
78-83-1)		100 ppm	
Mineral Spirits (CAS	PEL	2900 mg/m3	
8052-41-3)	FLL	2900 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	PEL	710 mg/m3	
123-86-4)		J	
		150 ppm	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS	PEL	300 mg/m3	
71-36-3)			

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Components	ninants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type	Value	Form
		100 ppm	
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory CAS 7664-38-2)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
itanium Dioxide (CAS 3463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
IS. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
components	Туре	Value	Form
rystalline Quartz egulatory (CAS 4808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
ilica (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
		20 mppcf	
ilicon dioxide (CAS 12945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
,		20 mppcf	
alc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
omponents	Туре	Value	Form
cetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
uminum Hydroxide	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
egulatory (CAS 1645-51-2)			
arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
arbon Black (CAS 333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 4808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 7-58-7)	STEL	0.2 mg/m3	
/	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
thylbenzene (CAS 00-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
sobutyl Ácetate (CAS 10-19-0)	TWA	150 ppm	
sobutyl Alcohol (CAS 8-83-1)	TWA	50 ppm	
lineral Spirits (CAS 052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
I-Butyl Acetate (CAS 23-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
	TWA	150 ppm	
l-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 1-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
•	CTEL	3 mg/m3	
hosphoric Acid Regulatory CAS 7664-38-2)	STEL	5 mg/m5	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Fremolite (Non-asbestiform) CAS 14567-73-8)	TWA	0.1 fibers/cm3	Fiber.
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem		Wal	F
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm	
Barium Sulfate (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
727-43-7)	IVVA	5 mg/ms	rrespirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS I4808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
	T\ \ /\	125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	
sobutyl Acetate (CAS	TWA	700 ppm 700 mg/m3	
110-19-0)	IVVA	150 ppm	
sobutyl Alcohol (CAS	TWA	150 mg/m3	
78-83-1)		•	
		50 ppm	
Mineral Spirits (CAS 3052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
3032-41-3)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3	
-,		50 ppm	
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)	STEL	3 mg/m3	
•	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.
JS. Workplace Environmental Exp	osure Level (WEEL) Guides		
Components	Туре	Value	
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

ACGIH Biolo	gical Expos	ure Indices
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Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Skin designation applies.

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Gray
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

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Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.4 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

12.8 % estimated

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

484.6 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

797 °F (425 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 2.23 g/cm3 estimated Flammability class Flammable IB estimated Percent volatile 41.89 w/w % By Weight 58.58 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 2.23 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 1.37 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)

> 2.37 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 164.38 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 283.76 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the Conditions to avoid

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Aluminum. Halogens. Phosphorus. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. Inhalation

No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. Skin contact

Causes serious eye irritation. Eye contact

Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

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Species Test Results Components Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 20000 mg/kg 20 ml/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 76 mg/l, 4 Hours 50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours Oral LD50 Mouse 3000 mg/kg Rabbit 5340 mg/kg 5800 mg/kg Rat Aluminum Hydroxide Regulatory (CAS 21645-51-2) **Acute** Oral LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) **Acute** Oral LD50 Rat > 8000 mg/kg Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) **Acute** Oral LD50 Rat 175 mg/kg Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0) **Acute** Oral LD50 Rabbit 4.8 g/kg Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 3392 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 Hours LD50 Guinea pig 19.9 mg/l Rabbit 26.25 mg/l Rat 19.2 mg/l Oral LD50 Mouse 3500 mg/kg Rat 2.46 g/kg

 Components
 Species
 Test Results

 N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

<u>Acute</u>

Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 3400 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 790 mg/kg

Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 2740 mg/kg

Oral LD50

Rat 1530 mg/kg

Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Mouse > 15000 mg/kg
Rat > 22500 mg/kg

Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Mouse > 15000 mg/kg

Rat > 22500 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8) Cancer

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 14808-60-7)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Barium Sulfate (CAS 77	(27-43-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Tubificid worm (Tubifex tubifex)	28.61 - 38.03 mg/l, 48 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100)-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 7	8-83-1)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	950 - 1200 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bleak (Alburnus alburnus)	1000 - 3000 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 1	23-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 7	1-36-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium Dioxide (CAS	13463-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours

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Components		Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone	-0.24
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	3.12
Ethylbenzene	3.15
Isobutyl Acetate	1.78
Isobutyl Alcohol	0.76
Mineral Spirits	3.16 - 7.15
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78
N-Butyl Alcohol	0.88
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group II

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions150Packaging non bulk173Packaging bulk242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk -

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

П Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E

EmS Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and Not established.

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8) 0.1 % Annual Export Notification required.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) Listed. Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0) Listed. Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1) Listed. N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed. N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Listed. Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Listed.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8) Cancer

Lung

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0< 5	
N-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	0< 5	
Tremolite (Non-asbestiform)	14567-73-8	0< 5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	0 - < 5	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)

Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

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SDS US

Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1)

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)

Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)

Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1)

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)

Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2)

Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Crystalline Quartz Regulatory (CAS 14808-60-7)

Listed: October 1, 1988

Listed: February 21, 2003

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Material name: DTM Primer Gray

Listed: June 11, 2004

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011 Tremolite (Non-asbestiform) (CAS 14567-73-8) Listed: February 27, 1987

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 08-27-2019

Version # 01

Disclaimer SABSS cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the

products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the

sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Material name: DTM Primer Gray sps us